

Chapter 7

Section 1 Avogadro's Number and Molar Conversions.

Section 3 Formulas and Percentage Composition

Cycle 4 Chemistry I Honors Topic

OBJECTIVE: Use mass composition data to write formulas and names for ionic compounds.

WARMUP:

Please name the following compounds using roman numeral notation:



HINT: All have the form of "Vanadium (____) Oxide"

CLASSWORK:

Mass Composition, Formulas, and Names Worksheet



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Cycle 4 Chemistry I Honors Topic

WARMUP:

Please name the following compounds using roman numeral notation:





- We know that oxide is O^{-2} : see your PT.
- Remember total charge in formula must be zero!
- V_2O_5 has 5 oxides, total charge -10: V must be +5.
 - V_2O_5 is therefore “Vanadium (V) Oxide”
- V_2O_3 has 3 oxides, total charge -6: V must be +3.
 - V_2O_3 is therefore “Vanadium (III) Oxide”
- VO_2 has 2 oxides, total charge -4: V must be +4.
 - VO_2 is therefore “Vanadium (IV) Oxide”
- VO has 1 O^{-2} & one V^{+2} : “Vanadium (II) Oxide”





Our Friend, The Mole

- Suppose we know the mass of each element in a sample of a compound.
- How can we find out how many atoms of each element are in the compound's formula?
- We can't just compare the mass in grams of each element, because different elements have different masses.
- We can divide the mass in grams by the mass of each type of atom in atomic mass units.

			
Sodium atom	Carbon atom	Aluminum atom	Oxygen atom



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Our Friend, The Mole

Example: A compound has 1.26 grams of iron and 0.54 grams of oxygen. Find its formula and name!

- Divide the mass in grams by the mass of each type of atom in atomic mass units.
- $1.26 \text{ g Fe} \div 55.845 \text{ amu} = 0.02256$ **mole** Fe
- $0.54 \text{ g O} \div 15.999 \text{ amu} = 0.03375$ **mole** O
- What is a gram/amu? It is the ratio of two mass units. As grams are much larger than atomic mass units, it is a big number of atoms. Too big to count. We call it a '**mole**'.
- The **mole** is useful because it is proportional to the actual number of atoms in a substance!



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Section 3 Formulas and Percentage Composition



Example: A compound has 1.26 grams of iron and 0.54 grams of oxygen. Find its formula and name!

- $1.26 \text{ g Fe} \div 55.845 \text{ amu} = 0.02256 \text{ mole Fe}$
- $0.54 \text{ g O} \div 15.999 \text{ amu} = 0.03375 \text{ mole O}$
- Is $\text{Fe}_{0.02256}\text{O}_{0.03375}$ a good formula? No, we really want an integer ratio!
- Let's start by dividing by the smaller number:
 $\text{Fe}_{0.02256}\text{O}_{0.03375} \div 0.02256 = \text{Fe}_1\text{O}_{1.496}$
- This is pretty much $\text{Fe}_1\text{O}_{1.5}$. We're almost there!
- How to get rid of a '.5'? Multiply by 2.
- Formula is Fe_2O_3
- Name must be : Iron (III) Oxide (why?)



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General Rules for Mass/Formula Problems

- Don't round too early! Find the 'moles' of each element and keep lots of extra decimal places.
- Divide all the mole quantities by the smallest.
- Now you can round.
- If you have fractions here, you can multiply everything to remove them.
- 0.5: multiply by 2
- 0.33, 0.66: multiply by 3
- 0.25, 0.75: multiply by 4
- **REMEMBER THE MOLE.** It's proportional to actual number of atoms! It is very important.

As it is above, so it is below, and as it is below, so it is above.
Hermes Trismegistus
(c.a. 700 AD)

